

User manual

Branch Circuit Power Monitoring System — Current Measurement Module

EMI 12 FLEX

Document revision	Release date	Valid for versions			
		Hardware	Bootloader	Firmware	Software ENVIS
1.7	12.4.2021	2.0	4.1	3.7	1.9

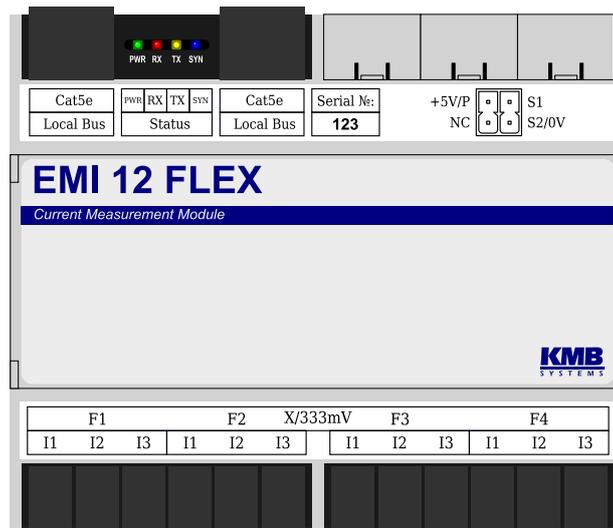


Figure 1: EMI 12 S FLEX

Contents

- 1 Basic description** **3**
- 1.1 Types and options 3
- 1.2 Measuring principles and signal processing 3

- 2 Operating the measuring instrument** **5**
- 2.1 Safety requirements for use of the EMI 12 5
 - 2.1.1 The meaning of the symbols used on the device 5
- 2.2 Installing the device in a switchboard 5
 - 2.2.1 Measured currents 6
 - 2.2.2 Local bus 6
- 2.3 Description of LED indicators 8
- 2.4 Module settings on the PC 8
 - 2.4.1 Local bus (fig. 5) 8
- 2.5 Transfer of measured data to PC 9
- 2.6 Display of electricity meter reading 10

- 3 Technical parameters** **11**
- 3.1 Basic parameters 11
- 3.2 Measured quantities (with EMU 3) 12

- 4 Maintenance, service and warranty** **14**

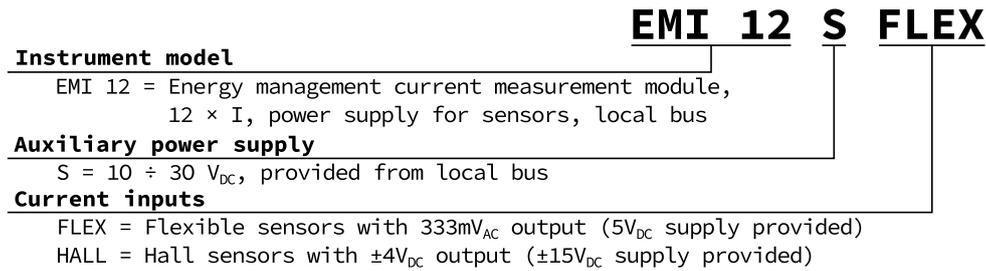


Figure 2: Ordering codes and schemas.

1 Basic description

The EMI 12 is designed for remote monitoring of energy consumption. It is designed for installation on a DIN rail or mounting panel and does not have a local display. This concept is suitable for a wide range of applications in power engineering and smart networks, in building automation and individual production processes, for remote infrastructure supervision and also for automatic load management. The device is not equipped with local controls and therefore cannot easily interfere with the functions it performs — in simple terms, it should not attract the special attention of lay people in easily accessible places. The module measures twelve currents using flexible sensors. It allows measurement of basic electrical parameters of up to 4 three-phase branches. It is connected via local bus to EMU 3 or BCPM 233.012, which is used for voltage measurement, concentration of measured data and their access to superior system. Up to five EMI 12 modules can be run on a single bus to allow for compact measurements of up to 20 three-phase branches, 60 currents respectively.

1.1 Types and options

The EMI 12 is available in various configurations according to the customer's specifications¹. On figure 2 marking schema of all available options is drawn.

1.2 Measuring principles and signal processing

Connection and measurement

- DC supply voltage 10 ÷ 30 V from local bus
- integrated power supply for active flexible sensors with output voltage +5 V.
- twelve four-pin DFMC 1,5/ 2-ST-3,5 connectors for flexible sensors measuring indirect currents in three-phase star or delta branches, single-phase or Aron
- sampling rate of 6.4 kHz, continuous measurement
- in combination with EMU 3 or BCPM 233.012, it is possible to evaluate all commonly measured one- and three-phase quantities such as powers (active, reactive, apparent, deformation and fundamental active and reactive), power factor, voltage harmonics, THD of currents and voltages

Measured data recording

- built-in precise real time circuit with backup battery in superior device
- EMI 12 modules only back up the electricity meter counters in the event of a power failure

Data transmission and evaluation

- ENVIS 1.9 or higher is available for free download
- system service ENVIS.Online for downloading and processing of archived measurement data

¹A complete and up-to-date list of optional accessories can be obtained from your dealer upon request.

- tools for downloading, exporting and processing data using custom scripts or via command line
- data library for developing custom applications in C#/.NET or for Linux (C/C++, .NET Core)
- data transfer, module setup and firmware update is done over local bus via EMU 3 or BCPM 233.012

2 Operating the measuring instrument

2.1 Safety requirements for use of the EMI 12



When working with the device, all necessary precautions must be taken to protect persons and property against injury and electric shock.

- The device must be operated by a person with the required qualifications for such operation and this person must be familiar with the principles of working with the device described in this description!
- If the module is connected to parts that are under dangerous voltage, all necessary precautions should be taken to protect users and equipment from electric shock.
- The operator performing installation or maintenance of the equipment must be equipped with personal protective equipment and other safety equipment at work.
- If the device is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the analyzer may be reduced.
- If the device or its accessories appear to be damaged or not working properly, do not use it and send it for repair.

2.1.1 The meaning of the symbols used on the device

Table 1: Symbols

Symbol	Description
	Warning
	Alternating current
	Direct current
	CE mark declaring conformity with European regulations and regulations
	The device must not be disposed of with household waste
	Equipment with double or reinforced insulation

2.2 Installing the device in a switchboard

The EMI 12 is designed for mounting on a DIN rail. In the figure 3, the dimensions of the device are drawn. The hole positions for the wall mounting are dimensioned by a dashed line, which is screwed with two screws.

Natural air circulation should be allowed inside the switchgear at the installation site and its immediate surroundings. Do not install other equipment that could be a significant source of heat near to the instrument.

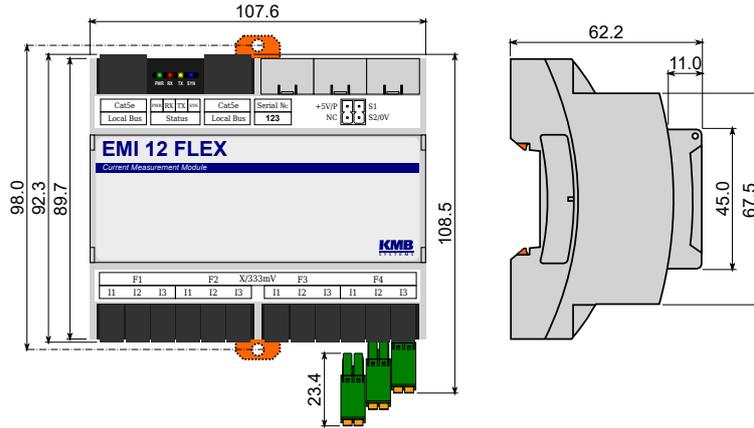
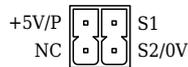


Figure 3: Dimensions of EMI 12.

2.2.1 Measured currents

Current inputs are galvanically isolated from the local bus for up to 1 kV_{DC} . Individual current inputs are not galvanically isolated from each other. It is necessary to use CT with the appropriate measurement category/insulation voltage or to install the CT on an insulated primary conductor with adequate insulation voltage.

The MTP secondary circuits are connected via DFMC 1.5 / 2-ST-3.5 plug-in connectors to the counterparts marked I1 to I3 in groups F1 to F4. When viewed from the front, the pinout of current connectors is as follows:



On +5V/P terminal there is positive voltage for sensor, on S1 terminal there is input for analog output of sensor, terminal NC is not connected and terminal S2/0V serves as reference potential for analog signal and power supply.

In case of using passive current transformers with 333 mV output, these must be connected between terminals S1 and S2/0V. In this case, the other terminals of the connector remain unconnected.

Recommended type of conductor	H07V-U (CY)
Recommended minimum conductor cross-section:	$0,2\text{ mm}^2$
Maximum conductor cross section:	$1,5\text{ mm}^2$

The Figure 4 shows an example of connecting flexible sensors to the EMI 12 module. The mounting method is shown to correspond to the polarity of the measured currents in the power flow from the source (left) to the load (right). The other terminals/channels are connected in analogy.

2.2.2 Local bus

The local bus uses the 8P8C connector to connect the EMI 12 modules to EMU 3 or BCPM 233.012 instrument. It is a proprietary bus combining signals for communication, synchronization and powering of external modules².



The physical layer of the local bus is not Ethernet compatible! Only EMU 3, BCMP 233.012 or another EMI 12 modules can be connected to the device. Never connect the port labeled Local Bus to any Ethernet device, hub, etc. — they may be damaged!

The EMI 12 modules are equipped with two local bus connectors, allowing creation of a bus. A maximum of five modules can be connected to a single local bus.

²Other compatible modules may arise in the future. It is recommended to consult the manufacturer and upgrade the firmware before connecting them to the existing installation

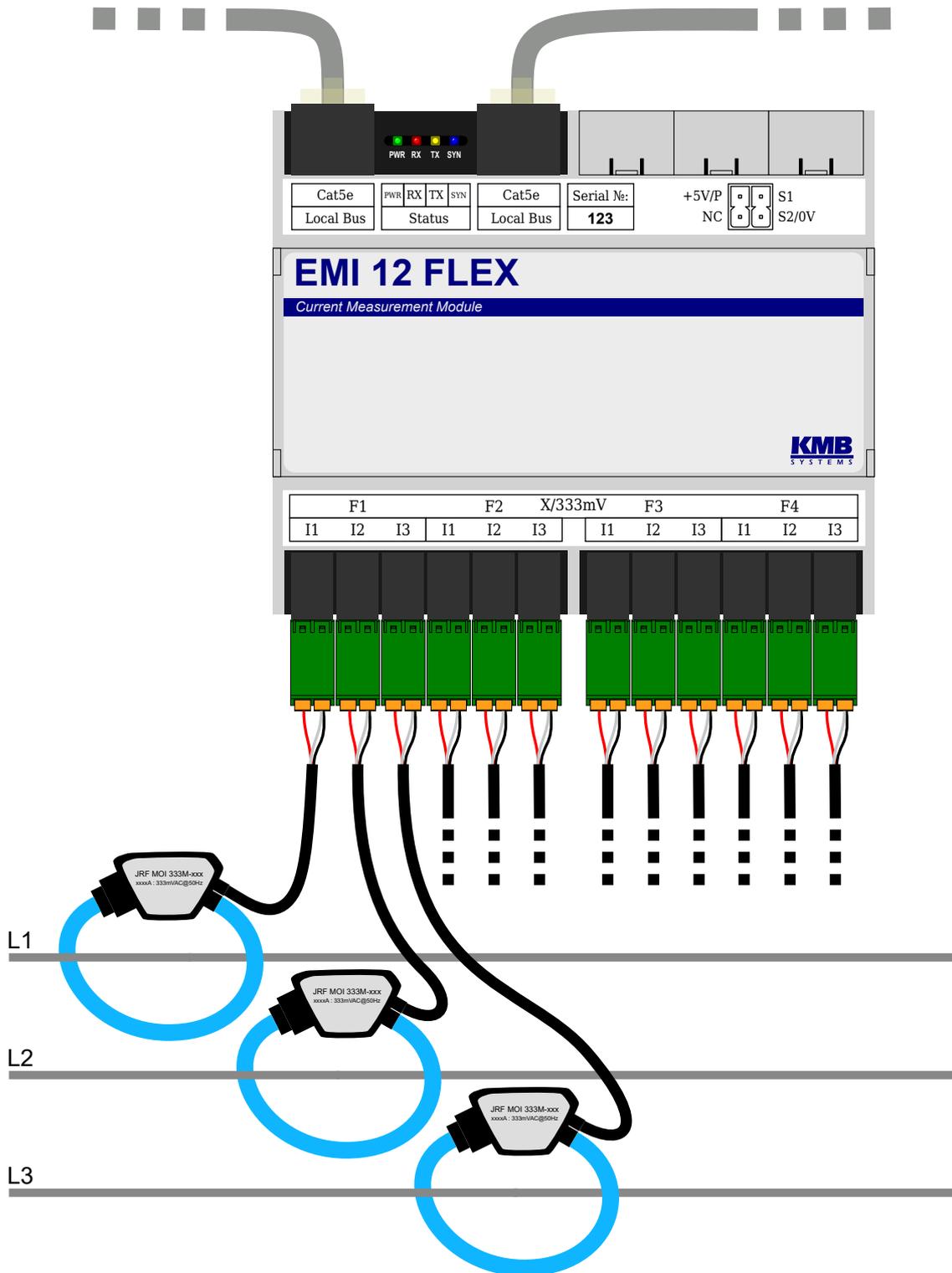


Figure 4: Example of connecting current sensors to the EMI 12 module.

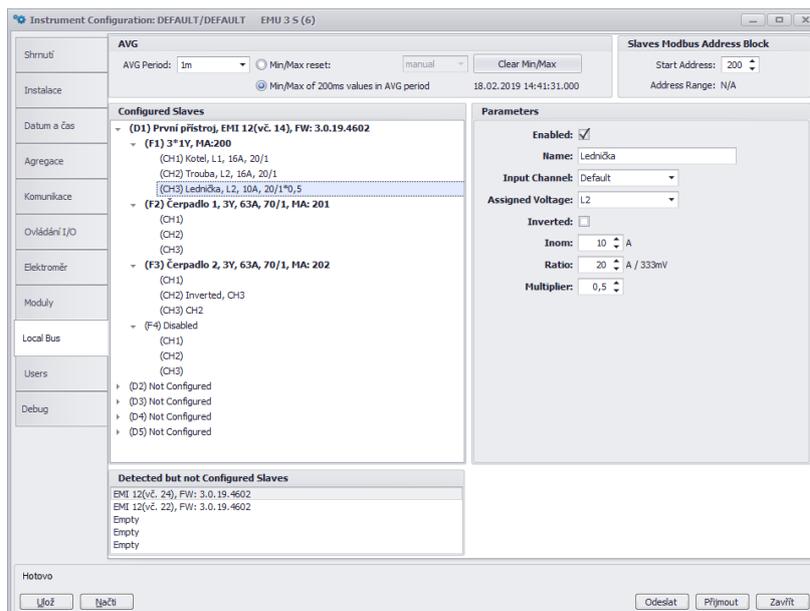


Figure 5: ENVIS.Daq — Local bus tab for EMI 12 modules configuration for branch circuit measurement.

EMU 3 or BCPM 233.012 automatically detects module connections and performs their subsequent configuration. Measured variables are available in the current data immediately after connection and user configurations of newly detected modules can be done in the settings. To uniquely identify the modules in the settings, their serial numbers are used, which are printed on the label near the local bus connectors for ease of installation.

Recommended type of conductor	UTP CAT5e 8×AWG24
Crimp connector type:	8P8C (RJ45)
Pin wiring standard:	TIA/EIA-568-B
Cable variants:	Straight or crossed (T568A ↔ T568B)
Maximum total bus length:	15 m

2.3 Description of LED indicators

PWR green illuminates when supply voltage is present.

SYN blue flashes synchronously with the synchronization pulse every ten periods of the network frequency.

TX green flashes when sending data to the local bus.

RX red blinks when receiving data from the local bus.

5V/P green power good for flexible sensors (no short circuit)

2.4 Module settings on the PC

It is advisable to set the EMI 12 instrument before starting the measurement. The settings can be made from the computer via EMU 3 or BCPM 233.012 instrument in the ENVIS.Daq³ application. For the procedure of connecting to a superior device, refer to the corresponding user manual of the device used.

2.4.1 Local bus (fig. 5)

The window consists of five blocks:

- AVG

³Daq application. ENVIS.Daq is also part of the ENVIS installation package. A detailed description can be found in the ENVIS user manual.

- AVG Period — allows you to set the averaging interval, the way to evaluate minima and maxima and to manually reset them.
- Slaves Modbus Address Block
 - Start Address — sets the Modbus address at which data from the first measured terminal will be available. Additional branches are available on consecutive addresses.
- Configured Slaves — Tree structure of set modules.
 - At the highest level, there are 5 positions for up to 5 EMI 12 modules with information displayed: *Device Name, Device Type, Serial Number, Firmware Version*.
 - Under each module there are 4 positions for each three-phase branch with information displayed: *Branch Name, Connection Type, Inom, CT Ratio, Current Multiplier, Modbus Address (MA)*.
 - Under each branch there are 3 positions for each measurement channel with information displayed: *Inverted, Input Channel, Assigned Voltage, Inom, CT Ratio and Multiplier* (for 3*1Y connection).
- Detected but not Configured Slaves — List of detected modules that are not yet set for measurement.
 - Each module here reports its type, serial number and firmware version.
 - Empty — This slot is empty.
- Parameters — Used to set individual tree items. The adjustable parameters vary according to the selected item (module/branch/channel) and also depend on the selected connection type.
 - Enabled — Enables/disables the selected branch or channel. It is not possible to display measured data from deactivated branches/channels. Deactivate when the branch/channel is not used for measurement.
 - Name — Sets the module, branch or channel name. It serves mainly for easier orientation in measured data.
 - Serial Number — Used to pair the module in the tree with the detected EMI 12 module.
 - Clear — Button to remove the pairing of the selected item with the set module.
 - Connection — Selects the connection type of the selected branch. Three-phase connection types are available: star (3Y), triangle (3D) and Aron (3A). It is also possible to use the 3*1Y mode, which allows the measurement of three independent single-phase powers.
 - Inom — Nominal current of selected branch (3Y, 3D or 3A) or channel (3*1Y).
 - Ratio — The conversion ratio of current transformers on selected branch (3Y, 3D, or 3A) or channel (3*1Y).
 - Multiplier — Current multiplier of the selected branch or channel serving, for example, to correct the measured value in case of sensitivity increase by passing multiple turns through the CT. Default value is 1 and has no effect.
 - Input Channel — Allows software to correct wiring by assigning physical measurement channel CH1 through CH3 to logical channel CH1 through CH3. It is not set by default and the *Default* option is left.
 - Assigned Voltage — With a 3*1Y connection, it allows you to select the reference voltage channel L1 through L3 for the selected channel CH1 through CH3, against which powers, phase shift, etc. is calculated. The *Default* option assigns CH1-L1, CH2-L2, and CH3-L3.
 - Inverted — It allows software to correct the wrong connection of the selected channel. If the check box is checked, the polarity of the corresponding channel is inverted. The inversion is not performed by default and the field is not checked.

2.5 Transfer of measured data to PC

The EMI 12 module itself does not allow archives to be recorded (only in collaboration with BCPM 233.012). The ENVIS.Online application or any application reading data via Modbus from the superior EMU 3 or BCPM 233.012 must be used to transfer data to the PC. When connecting to a superior device, it is possible to use the *Actual data* button to display all measured quantities from all branches of the connected EMI 12 devices, which can be switched by selection at the top of the window. For the procedure of connecting to a superior device, refer to the corresponding user manual of the device used.

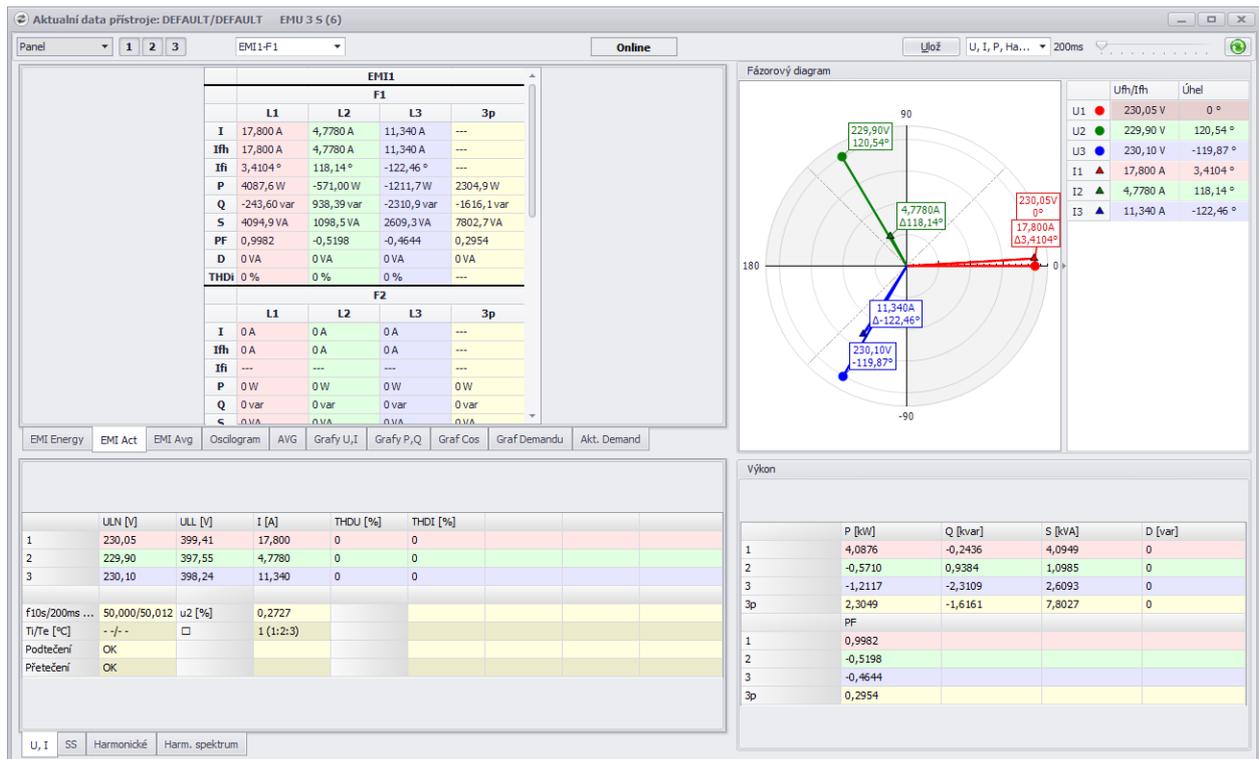


Figure 6: ENVIS.Daq — Actual data window.

2.6 Display of electricity meter reading

EMI 12 has a built-in three-phase, four-quadrant electricity meter for all branches. The instrument separately registers the active imported EP+ and exported EP- energy. For reactive energy, it registers character — capacitive EQC and inductive EQL resp. capacitive EQC+, EQC- and inductive EQL+, EQL- especially in case of active energy import or export. Primarily it offers the sum values of all phases. For star-connection and single-phase connection, it also registers the values of all energy types in each individual phase.

Values can be read automatically via EMU 3 or BCPM 233.012 using ENVIS.Online software and then processed in ENVIS or using ModBus communication protocol in any other program.

3 Technical parameters

3.1 Basic parameters

Auxiliary Voltage	
rated auxiliary voltage range	12 ÷ 26 V _{DC}
DC auxiliary voltage range	10 ÷ 29 V _{DC}
power supply	2 W (no sensors) up to 5 W (12 sensors)
pollution degree	2
maximum operating altitude	2000 m
connection	internal circuits galvanically isolated from local bus

Other Specifications	
operational temperature	- 25 to 60°C
storage temperature	- 40 to 80°C
operational and storage humidity	< 95% - non-condensable environment
EMC – generic standards	EN 61326-1 ed. 2 EN 61000-6-2 ed. 3
EMC – immunity	EN 61000-4-2 ed. 2: level 3 (6/8 kV) EN 61000-4-3 ed. 3: level 3 (10 V/m, 80 – 3000 MHz) EN 61000-4-4 ed. 3: level 4 (4 kV) EN 61000-4-5 ed. 3: level 4 (4/2 kV) measuring inputs EN 61000-4-5 ed. 3: level 3 (2 kV) communication
EMC – emissions	EN 55011 ed. 4, class A EN 61000-6-4 ed. 2 EN 61000-3-2 ed. 4 EN 61000-3-3 ed. 3
communication ports	local bus
communication protocols	KMB, Modbus RTU (through superior device)
sampling frequency 50 Hz (60 Hz)	6,4 kHz (5,76 kHz)
ingress protection	
front panel	IP 40
whole instrument	IP 20
protection class	II
dimensions	
front panel	167 x 45 mm
whole instrument	167 x 90 x 61 mm
weight	0.2 kg

3.2 Measured quantities (with EMU 3)

Measured Quantities – Current	
General	
number of embedded feeders	4
number of currents per feeder	3
current sensor connection	connector DFMC 1.5 / 2-ST-3.5
extendability (local bus)	total up to 5 × EMI 12 (connector 8P8C)
maximum number of feeders	20
maximum number of currents	60
Current	
current input option	„FLEX“
I_{NOM} (I _B) – rated (basic) current	xxx AAC => 333 mV
crest factor at I_{NOM} (I _B)	1.9
measuring range	0.0025 ÷ 1.2 xxx AAC
intrinsic uncertainty ($t_A=23 \pm 2$ °C)	+/- 0.1% of rdg ± +/- 0.05% of rng
temperature drift	+/- 0.03% of rdg ± +/- 0.01% of rng / 10 °C
measurement category	Depends on CT
permanent overload	2 × I_{NOM} , 666 mVAC
peak overload 1 second, maximum repetition frequency > 5 minutes	$10 \times I_{NOM}$
burden power (impedance)	< 5 μVA (R _i = 39 kΩ)
Current Unbalance	
measuring range	0 ÷ 100%
measuring uncertainty	± 1% of rdg or ± 0.5
THDI	
measuring range	0 ÷ 200%
measuring uncertainty (for harmonics up to 15th order)	THDI ≤ 100%: ± 1
	THDI > 100%: ± 1% of rdg

© 2014 EMU 3

Measured Quantities – Power, Power Factor, Energy	
Active / Reactive Power, Power Factor (PF), cos φ (P_{NOM} = U_{NOM} x I_{NOM})	
reference conditions "A": ambient temperature (t _A) U, I for active power, PF, cos φ for reactive power	23 ± 2 °C U = 80 ÷ 120% U _{NOM} , I = 1 ÷ 120% I _{NOM} PF = 1.00 PF = 0.00
act. / react. power uncertainty	± 0.5% of rdg ± 0.01% P _{NOM}
PF & cos φ uncertainty	± 0.01
reference conditions "B": ambient temperature (t _A) U, I for active power, PF, cos φ for reactive power	23 ± 2 °C U = 80 ÷ 120% U _{NOM} , I = 2 ÷ 120% I _{NOM} PF >= 0.5 PF <= 0.87
act. / react. power uncertainty	± 1% of rdg ± 0.01% P _{NOM}
PF & cos φ uncertainty	± 0.01
temperature drift of powers	± 0.05% of rdg ± 0.02% P _{NOM} / 10 °C
Energy	
measuring range	corresponds to U & I measuring ranges 4 quadrant energy counters for both active and reactive energies
active energy uncertainty	class 1 acc. to EN 62053 – 21
reactive energy uncertainty	class 2 acc. to EN 62053 – 23

Table 2: IEC 61557-12: Equipment for measuring and monitoring electrical parameters

Instrument characteristics according to IEC 61557-12	
power quality assessment function	
classification according to par. 4.3	
direct voltage connection	SD
voltage connection via VT	SS
temperature according to par. 4.5.2.2	K55
humidity + altitude according to par. 4.5.2.3	< 95% - noncondensation conditions < 2000 m
active power/energy function performance class	1

4 Maintenance, service and warranty

Maintenance The module EMI 12 does not require any special maintenance. For reliable operation, it is only necessary to adhere to the specified operating conditions and not to expose it to rough handling and exposure to water or various chemicals that could cause damage.

Service

In case of product failure, a warranty must be claimed with the manufacturer at:

K M B systems, s.r.o.
Dr. Milady Horakove 559
Liberec VII-Horni Ruzodol
460 07 Liberec
Czech republic
Tel.: +420 485 130 314
E-mail: kmb@kmb.cz
Web: www.kmbsystems.com

The product must be properly packed to avoid shipping damage. A description of the fault must be provided with the product.

If warranty repair is claimed, the warranty card must also be sent. If an out-of-warranty repair is required, an order for this repair must be attached.

Warranty card: The module is warranted for a period of 24 months from the date of purchase, but no longer than 30 months from the manufacturer’s delivery date. Defects that arise within these time limits demonstrably due to defective design, faulty construction or unsuitable material will be repaired free of charge by the manufacturer or authorized service organization.

The warranty also expires during the warranty period if the user performs unauthorized modifications or changes on the module, if the module connects to incorrectly selected values, if the module has been violated by unauthorized falls or improper handling, or if it has been operated in contrary to the specified technical parameters.

Product type:	.....	Serial number:	.....
Delivery date:	.....	Checkout control:	.....
		Manufacturer’s stamp:	.....
Date of sale:	.....	Seller’s stamp:	.....